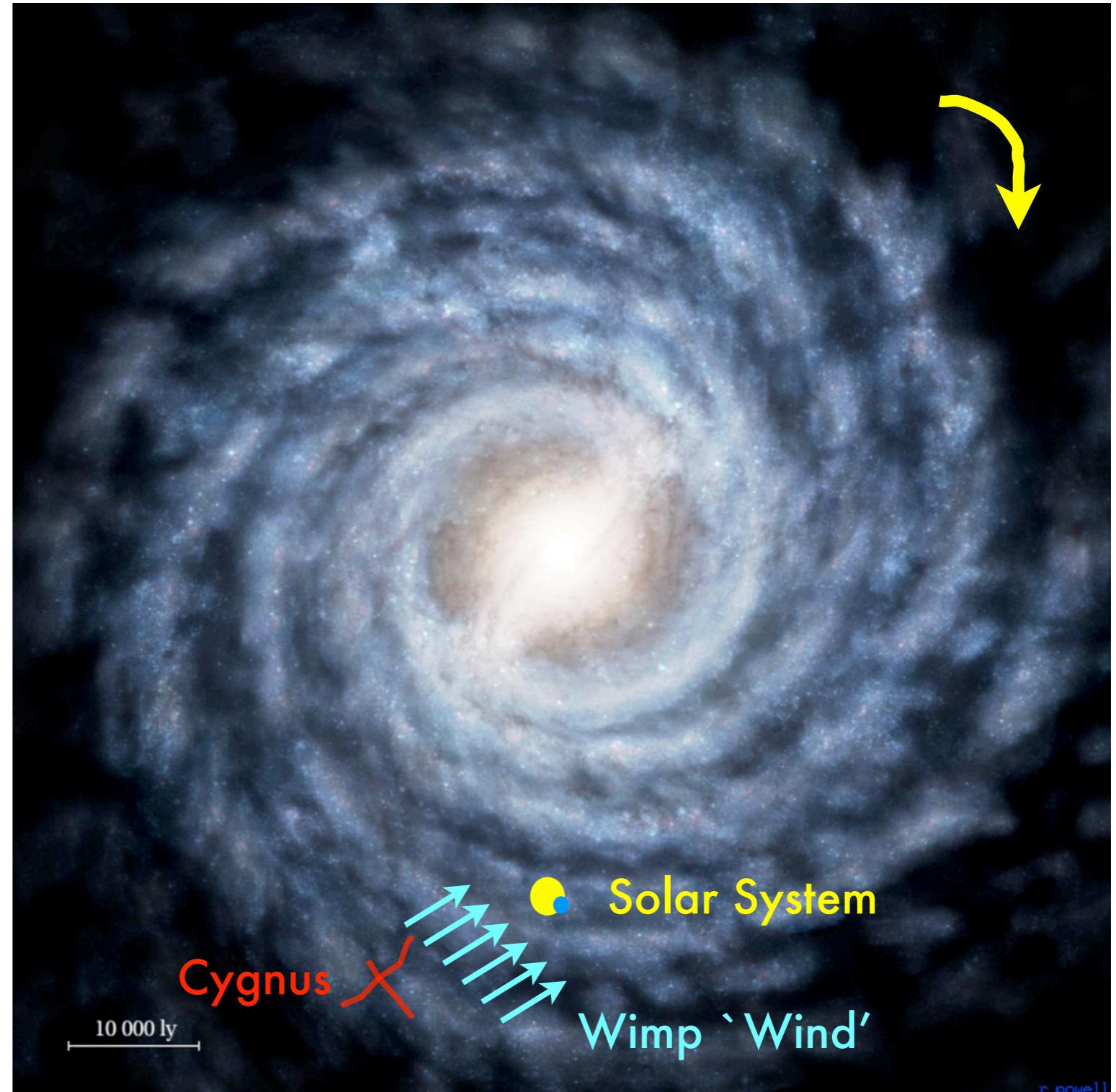


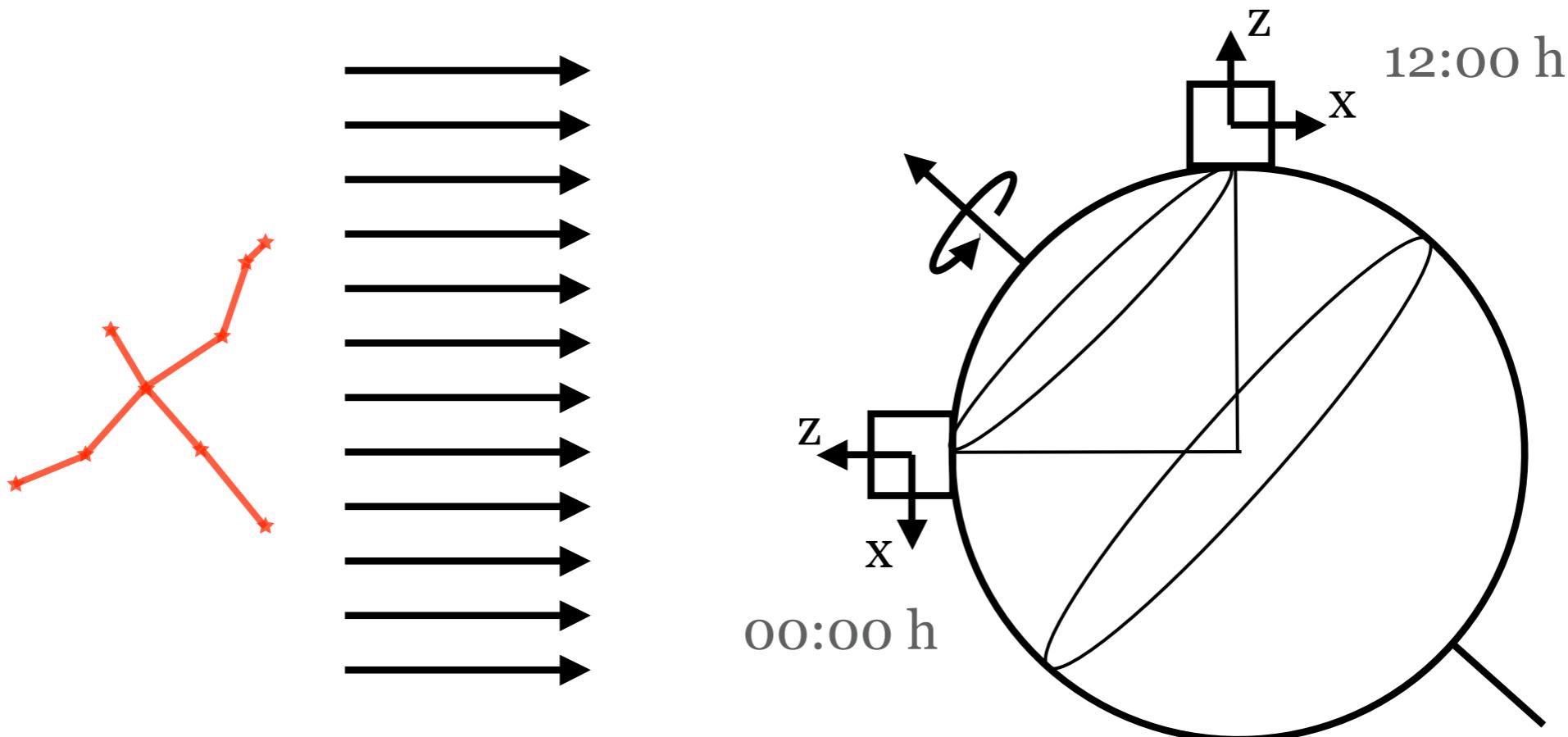
# DMTPC: A Directional Dark Matter Experiment

Asher Kaboth

# Why Directionality?



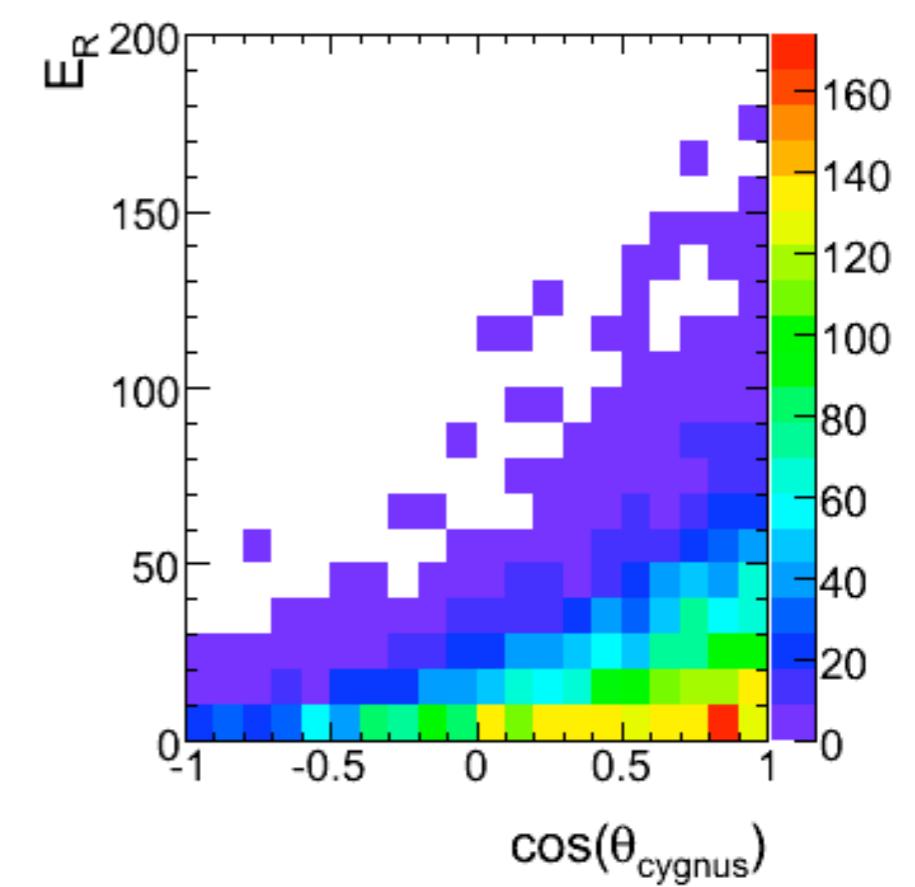
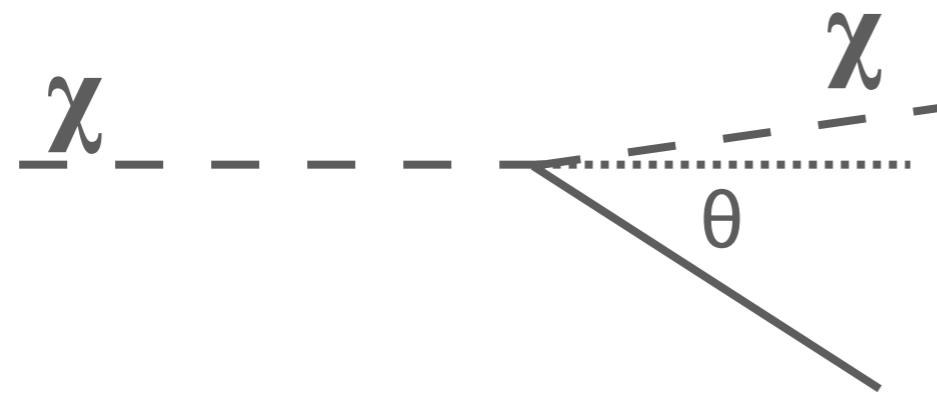
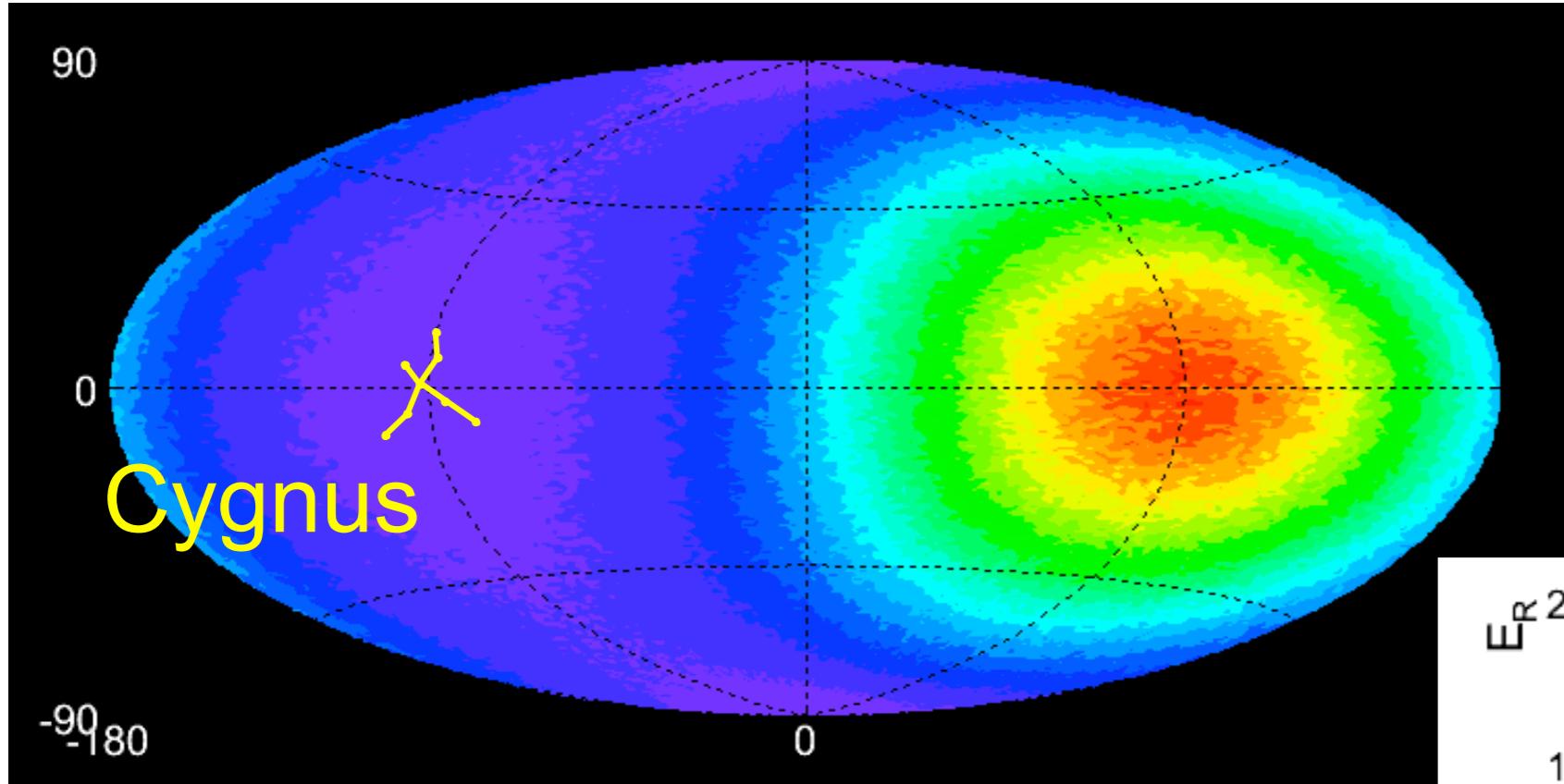
# Signal Modulation



$$\frac{dR}{dE \ d\cos\gamma} \propto \exp \left[ - \left( \frac{(v_E + v_\odot) \cos\gamma - v_{min}}{v_{halo}} \right)^2 \right]$$

Spergel, Phys.Rev. D37 (1988) 1353

# Dark Matter Recoils



# DMTPC Collaboration

## Boston University

S. Ahlen (PI) , A. Inglis, H. Tomita

## Brandeis University

A. Dushkin, S. Goyal, F. Golub, B. N. Skvorodnev, H. Wellenstein (PI)

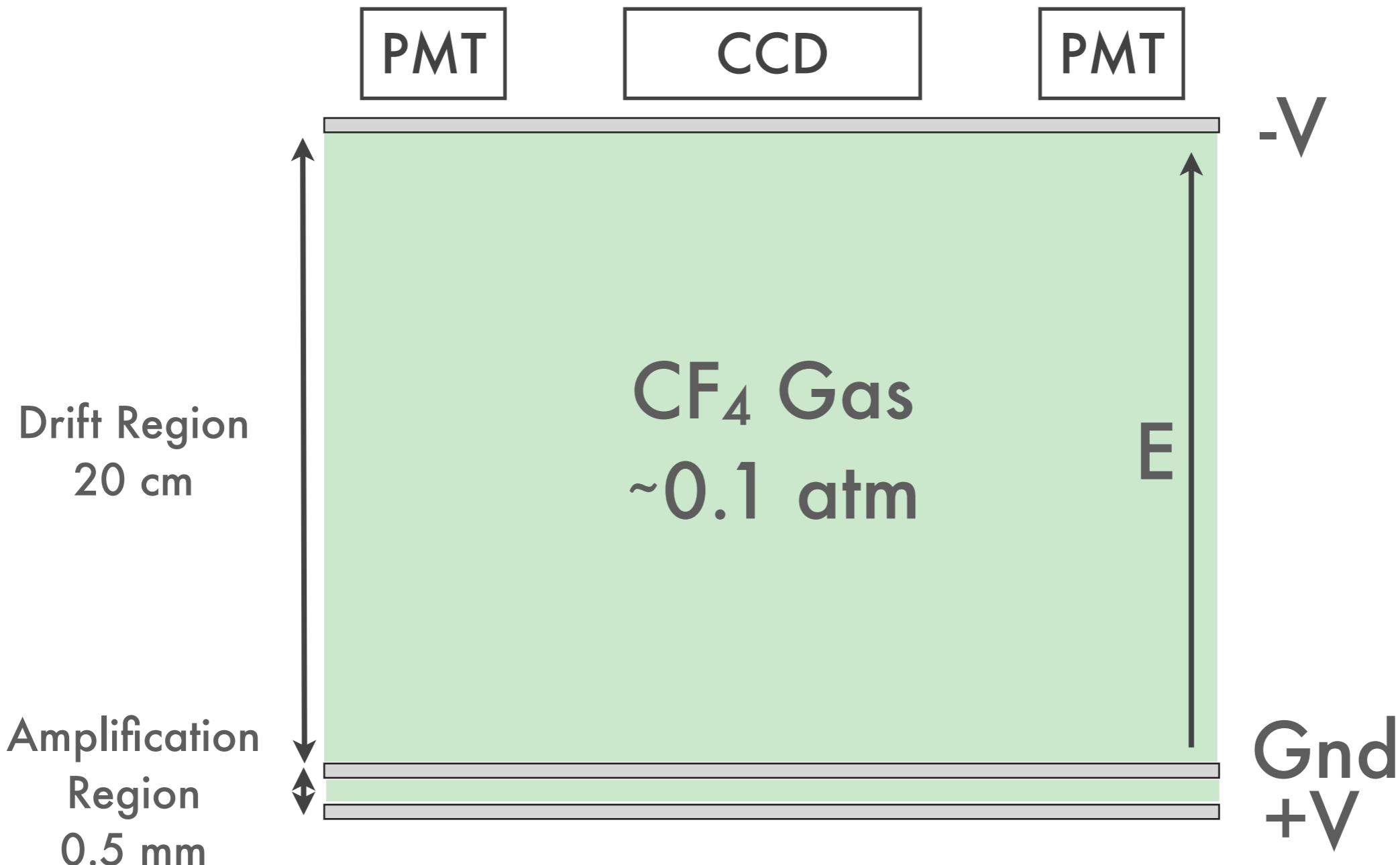
## Massachusetts Institute of Technology

P. Fisher (PI), G. Sciolla, R. Yamamoto, D. Dujmic, R. Vanderspek,  
J. Battat, J. Monroe, S. Henderson, A. Kaboth, J. Lopez, T. Caldwell,  
A. Lee, T. Sahin, I. Wolfe, H. Yegorian

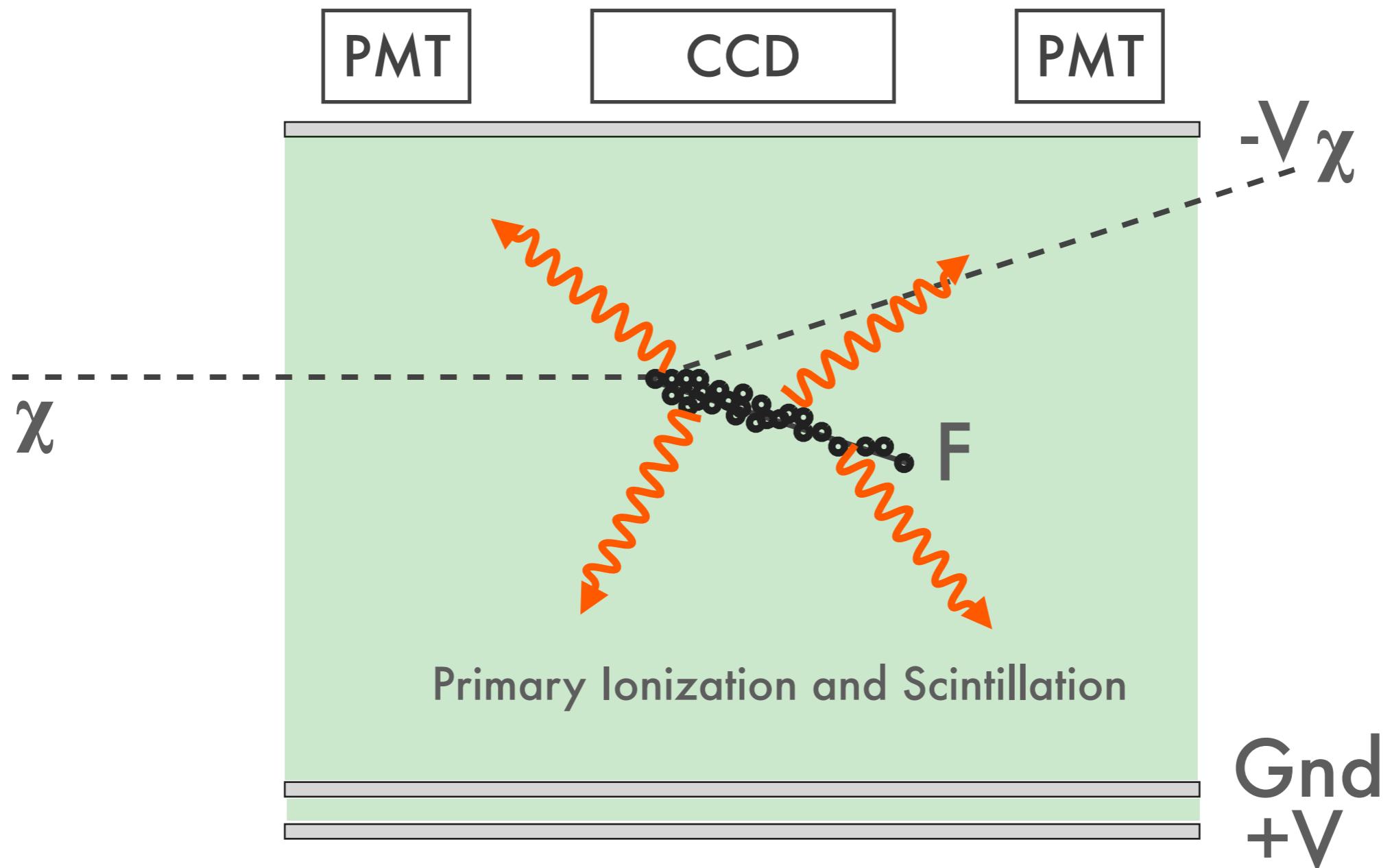
### Detector Papers

- D. Dujmic et al. [DMTPC] NIMA 584 (2007)
- A. Kaboth et al. [DMTPC] NIMA 592 (2008)
- D. Dujmic et al. [DMTPC] Astropart. Phys 30 (2008)
- T. Caldwell et al. [DMTPC] arXiv:0905.2549 (2009)

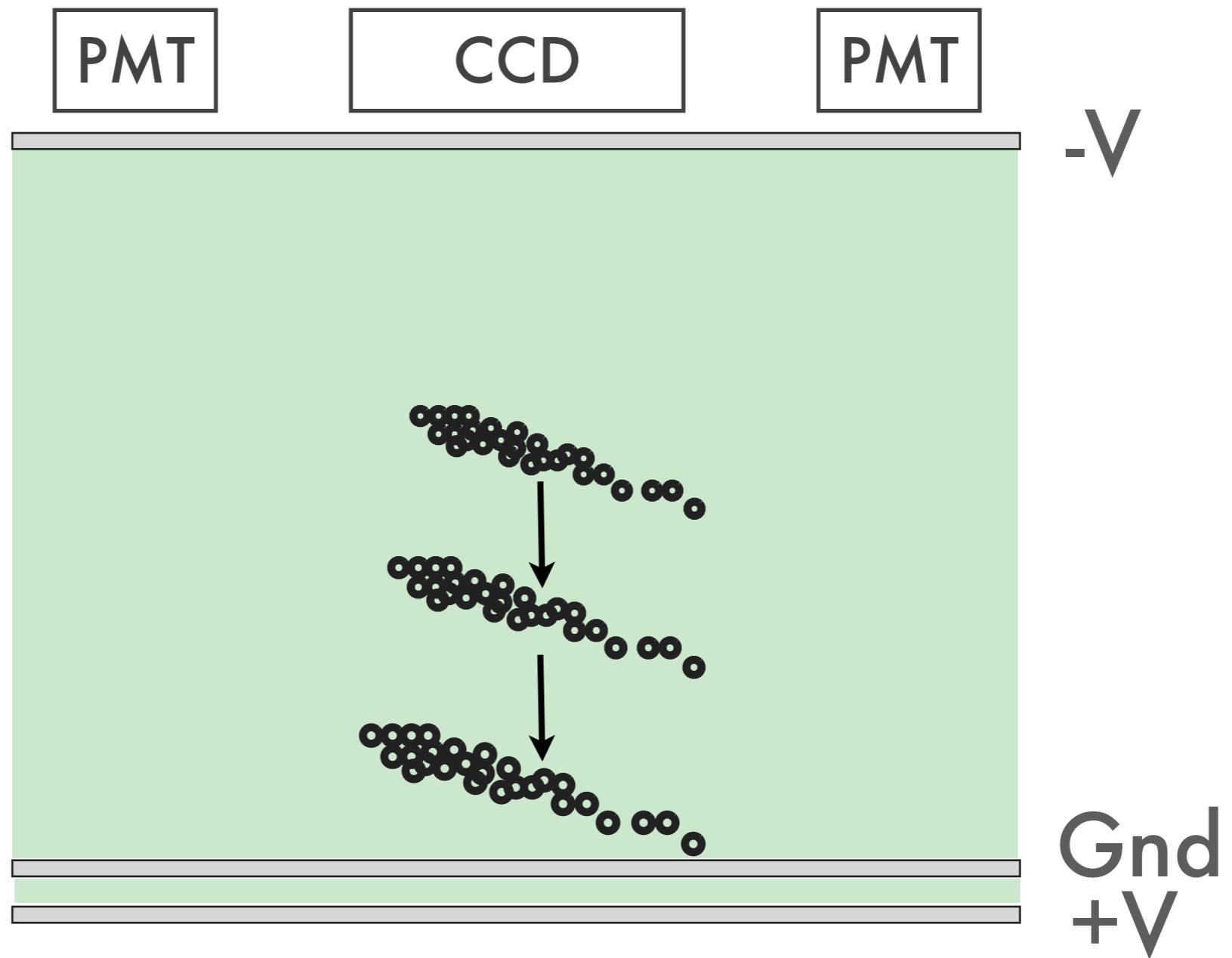
# Detector Concept



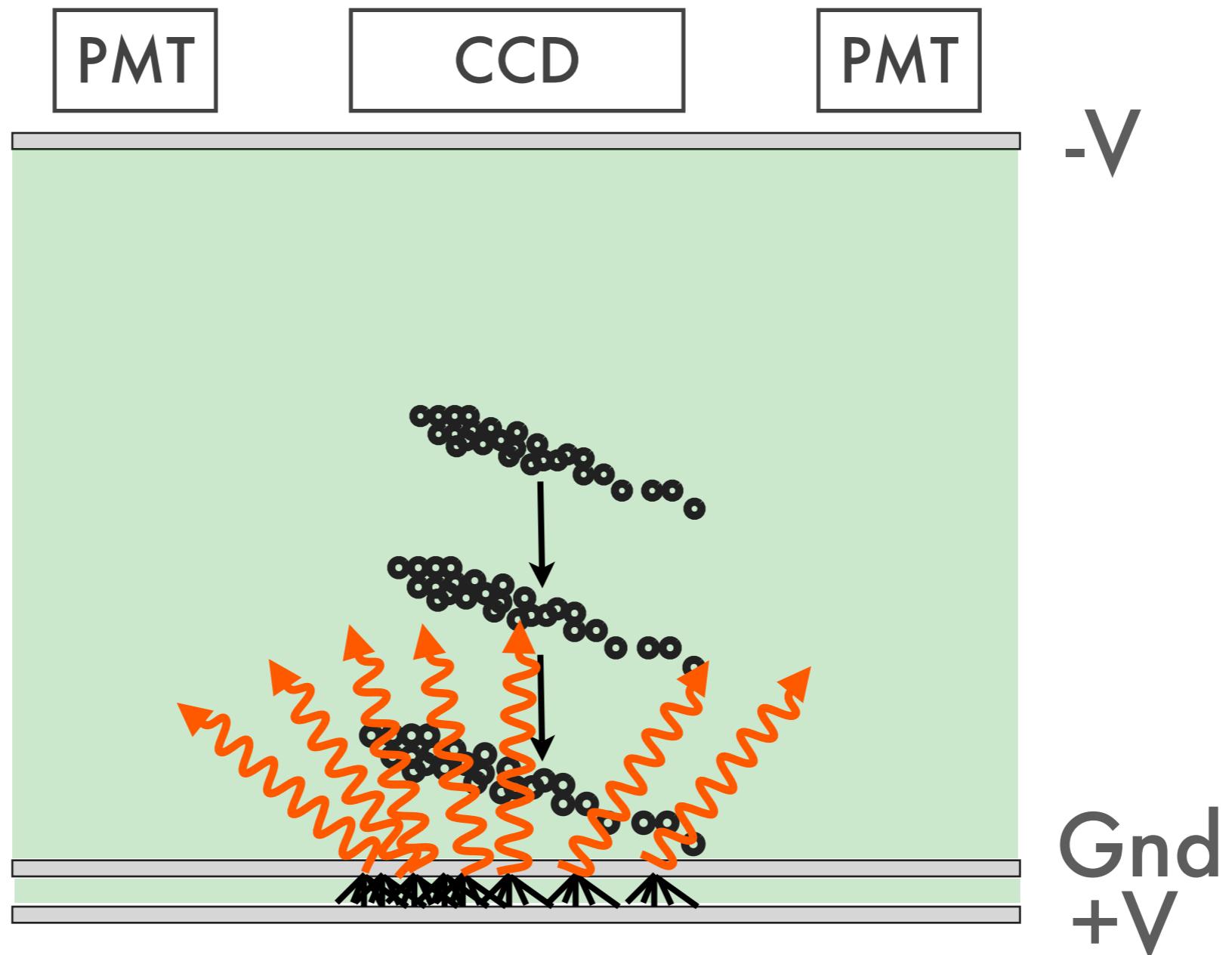
# Detector Concept



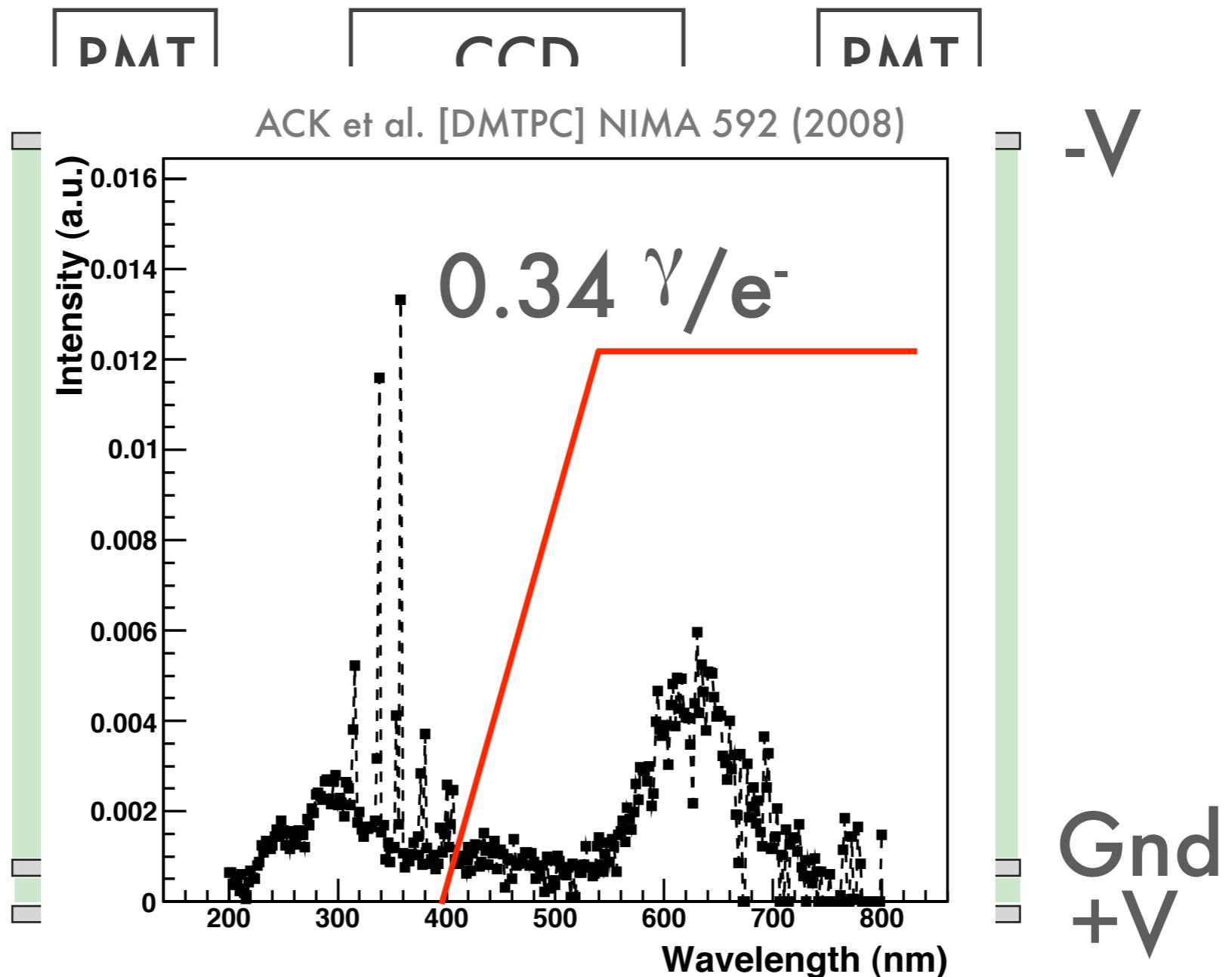
# Detector Concept



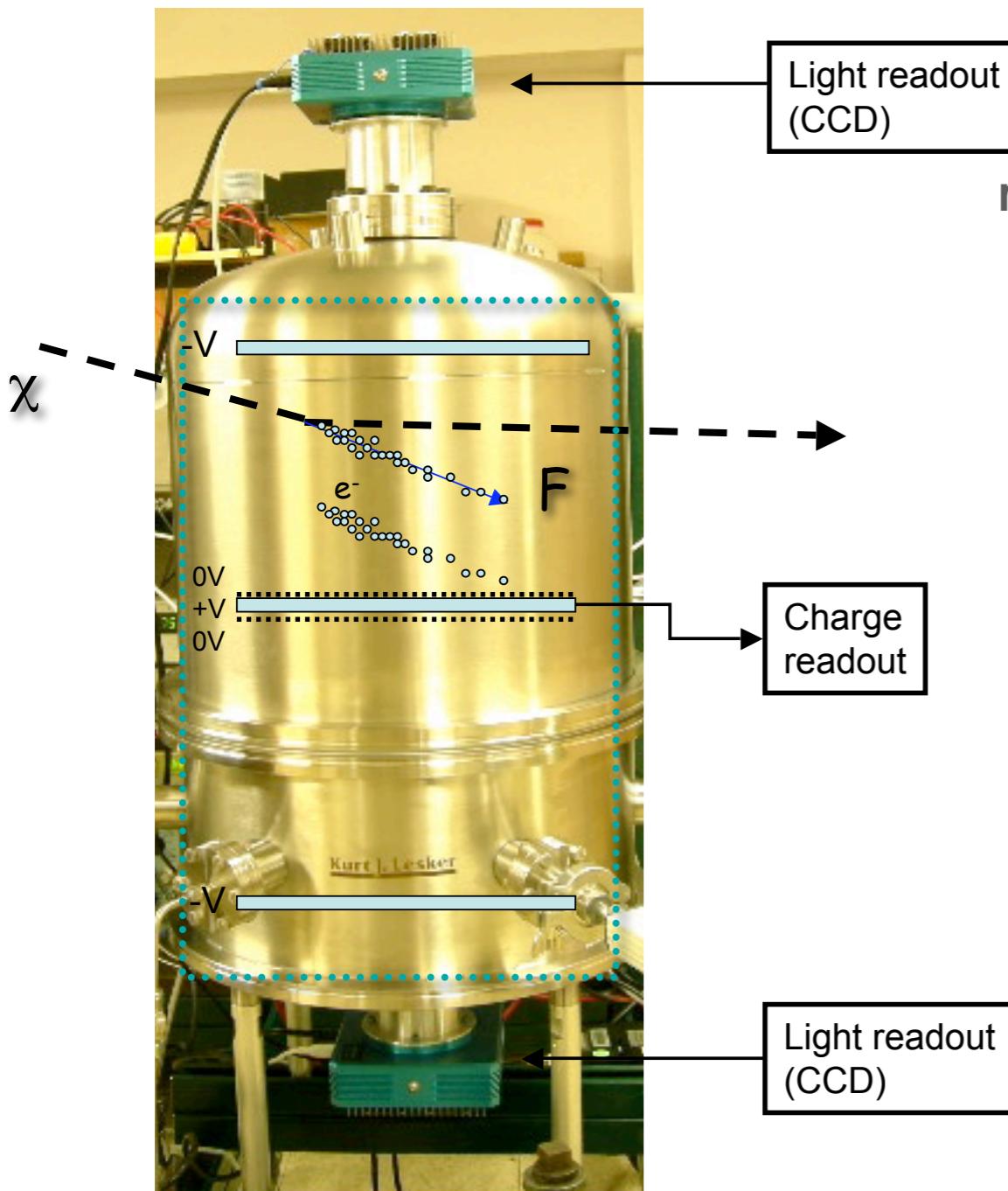
# Detector Concept



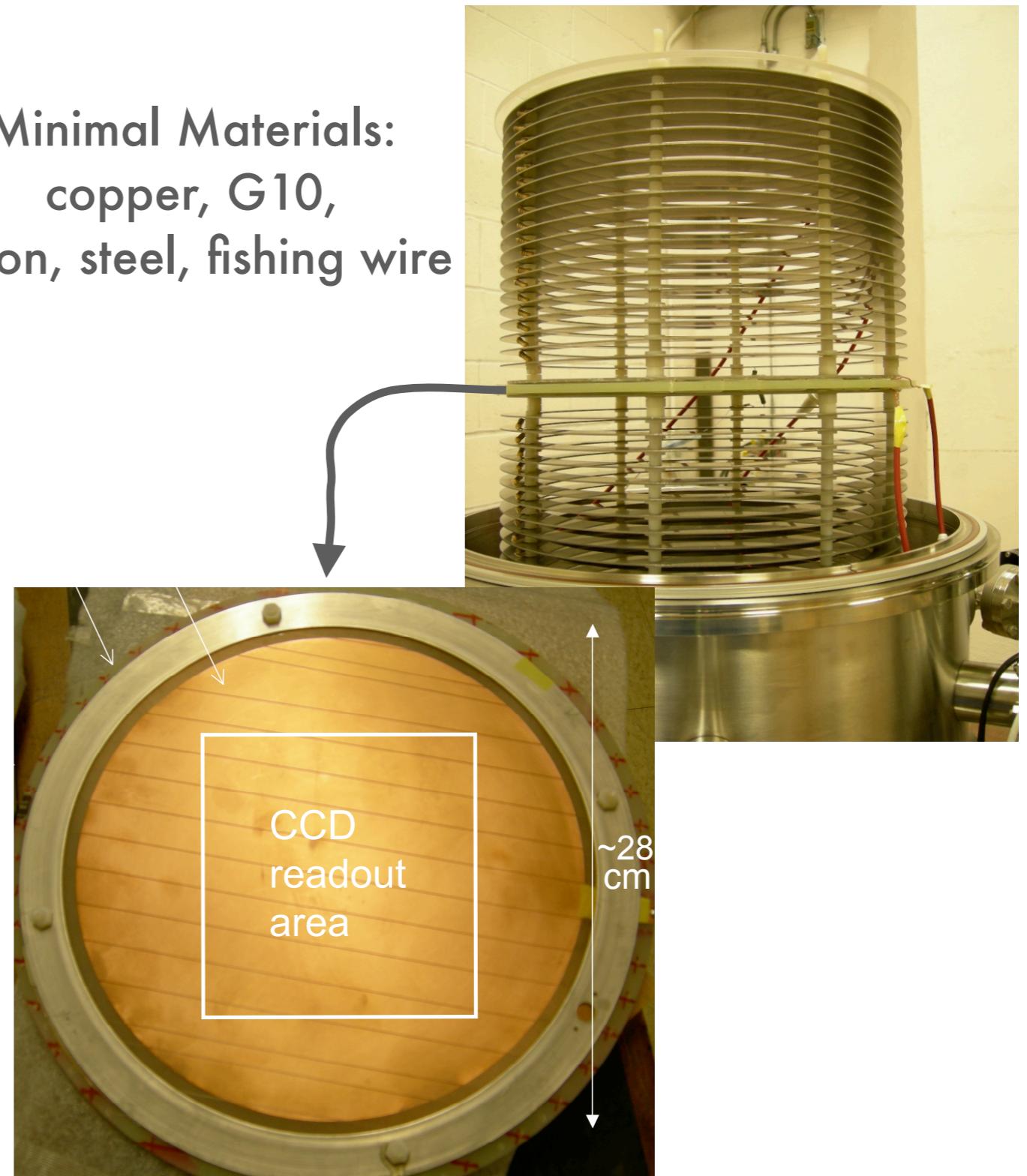
# Detector Concept



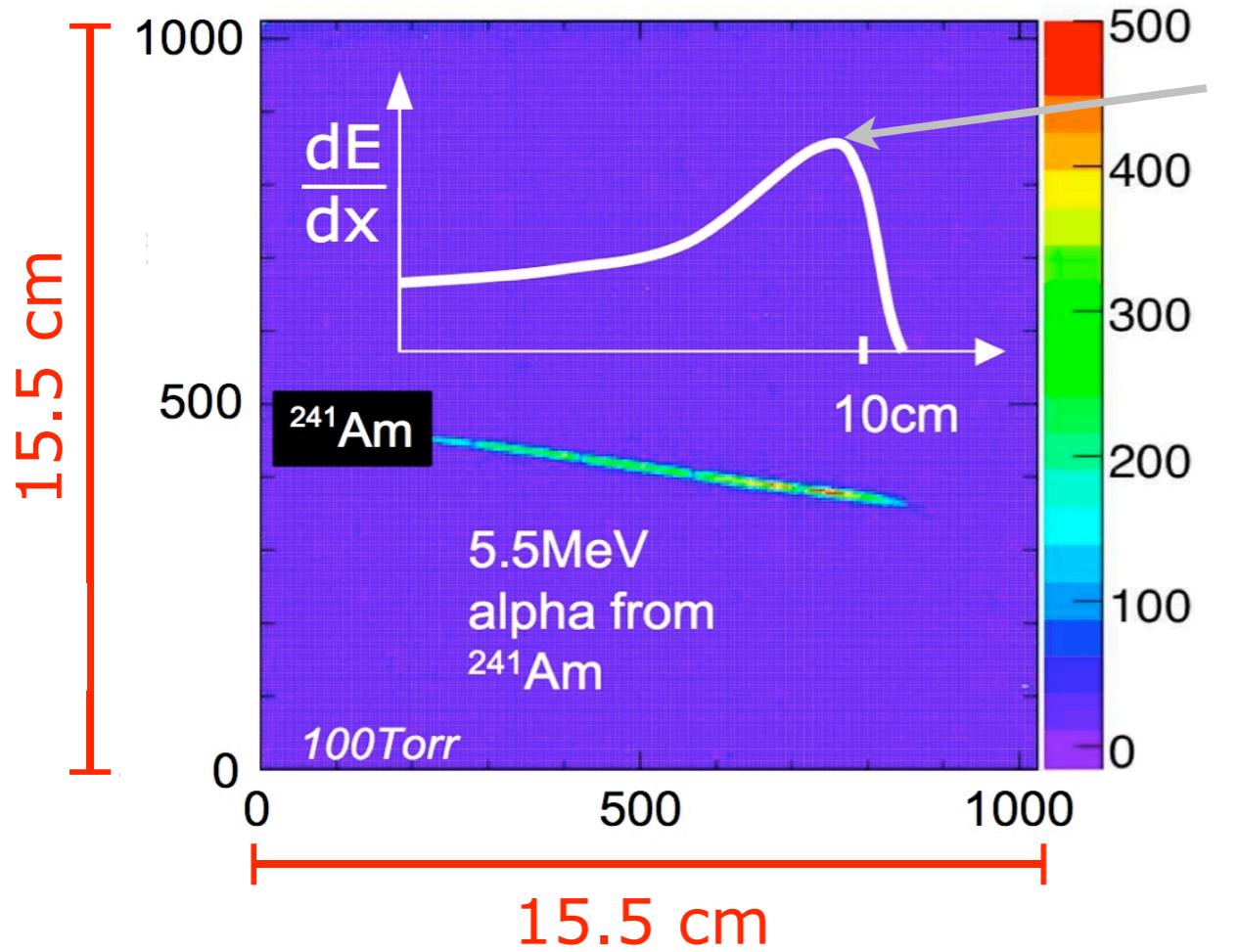
# Prototype Detector



Minimal Materials:  
copper, G10,  
nylon, steel, fishing wire

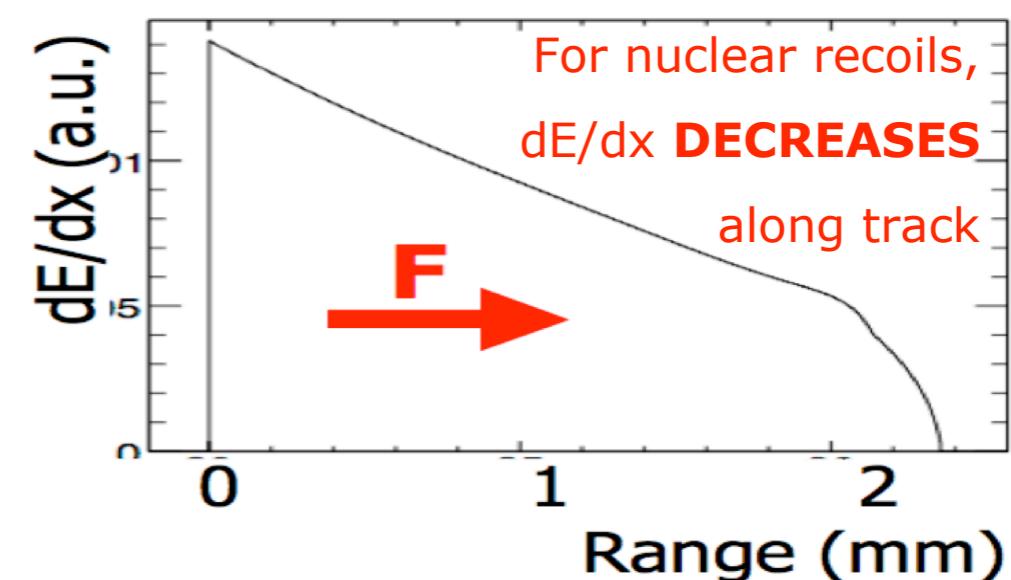


# Directionality

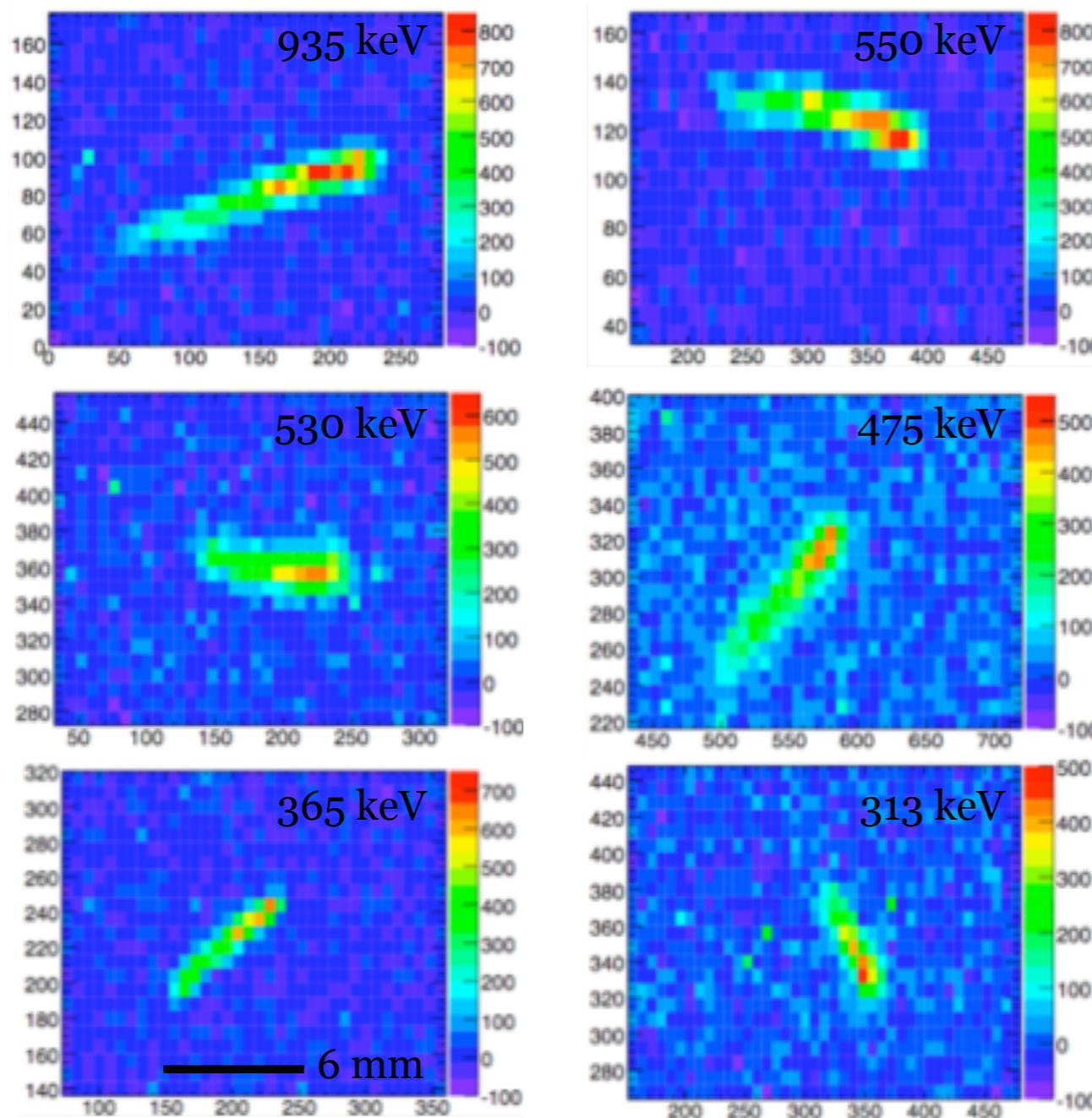


Total energy is given by amount of light deposited

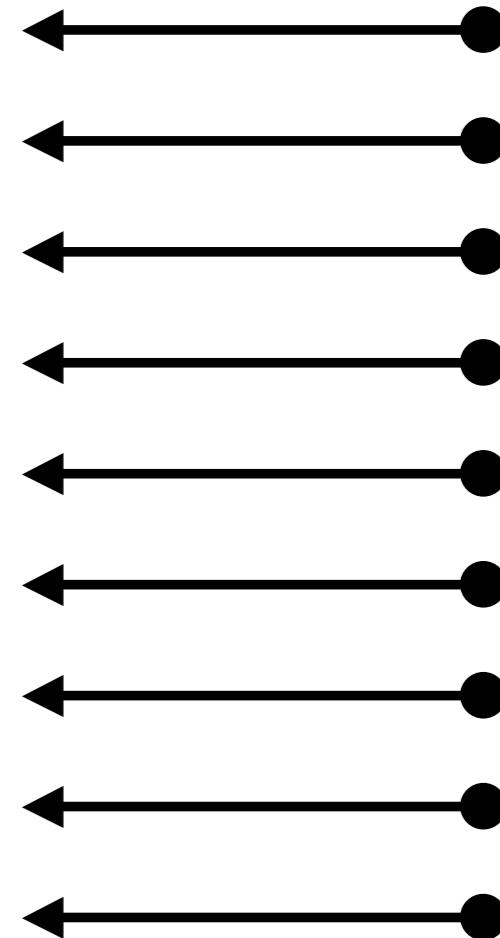
Angle and sense are given by knowledge of the energy deposition



# Nuclear Head-Tail

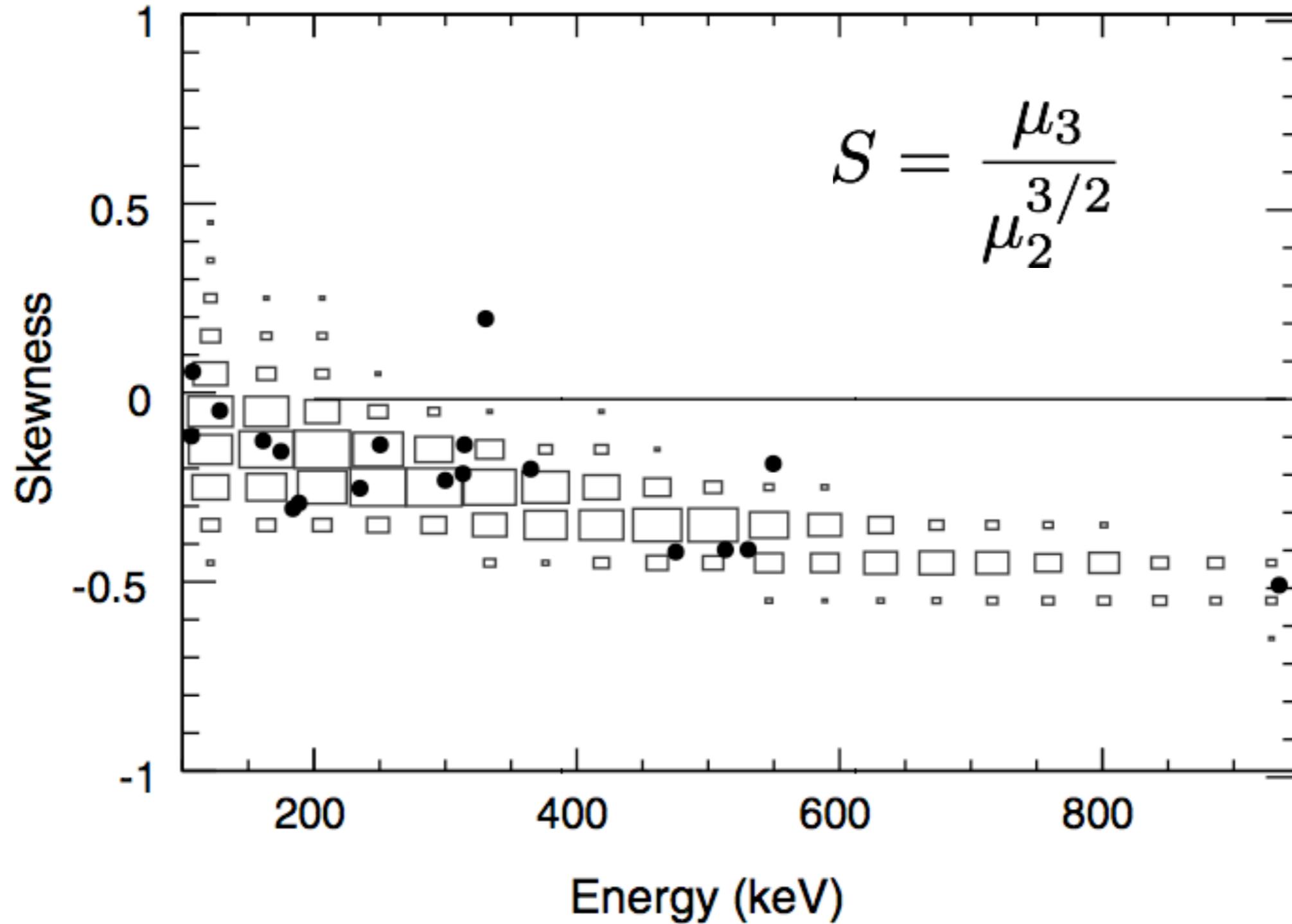


Incident neutrons

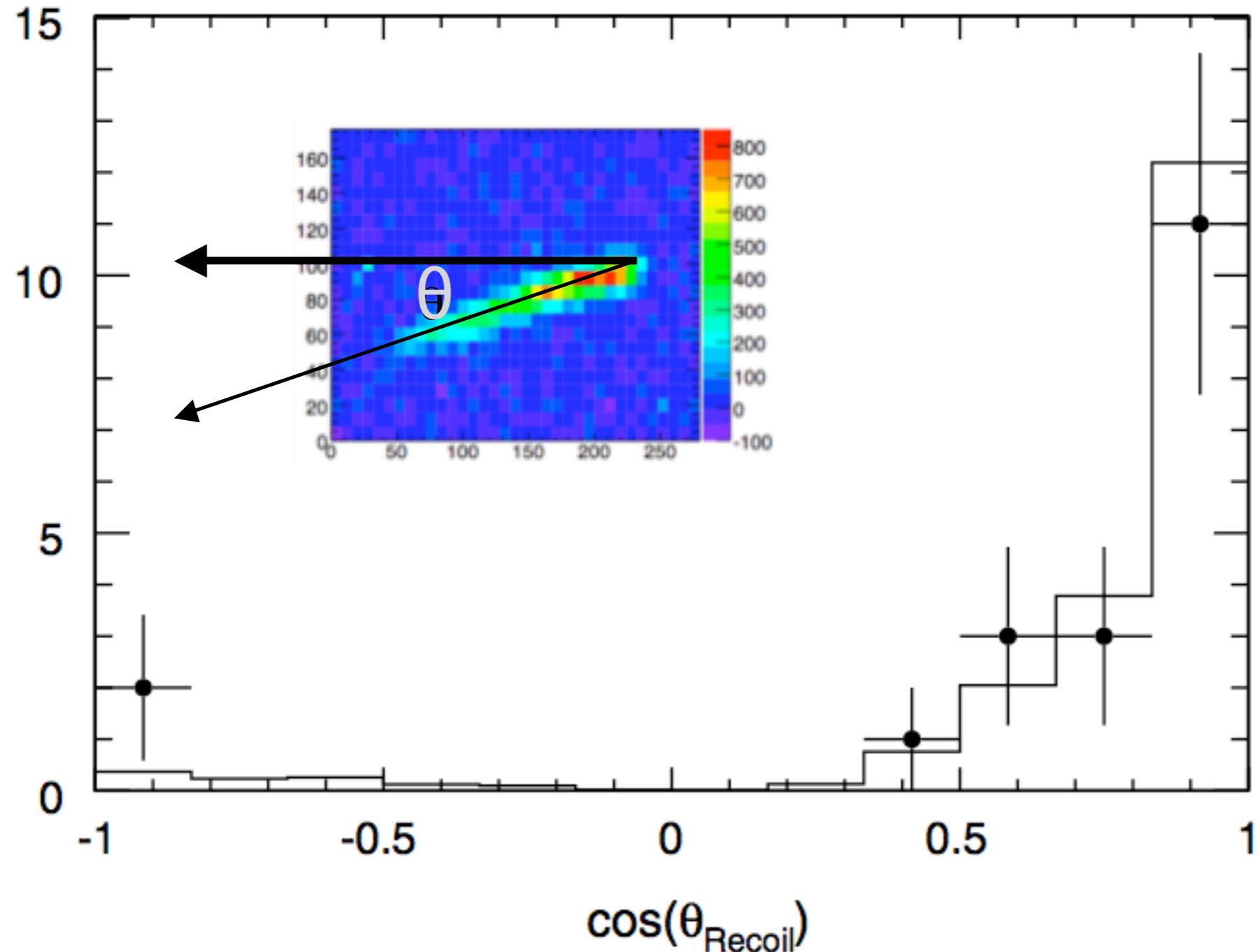


Dujmic et al. Astropart. Phys. 30 (2008) arXiv:0804.4827

# Skewness

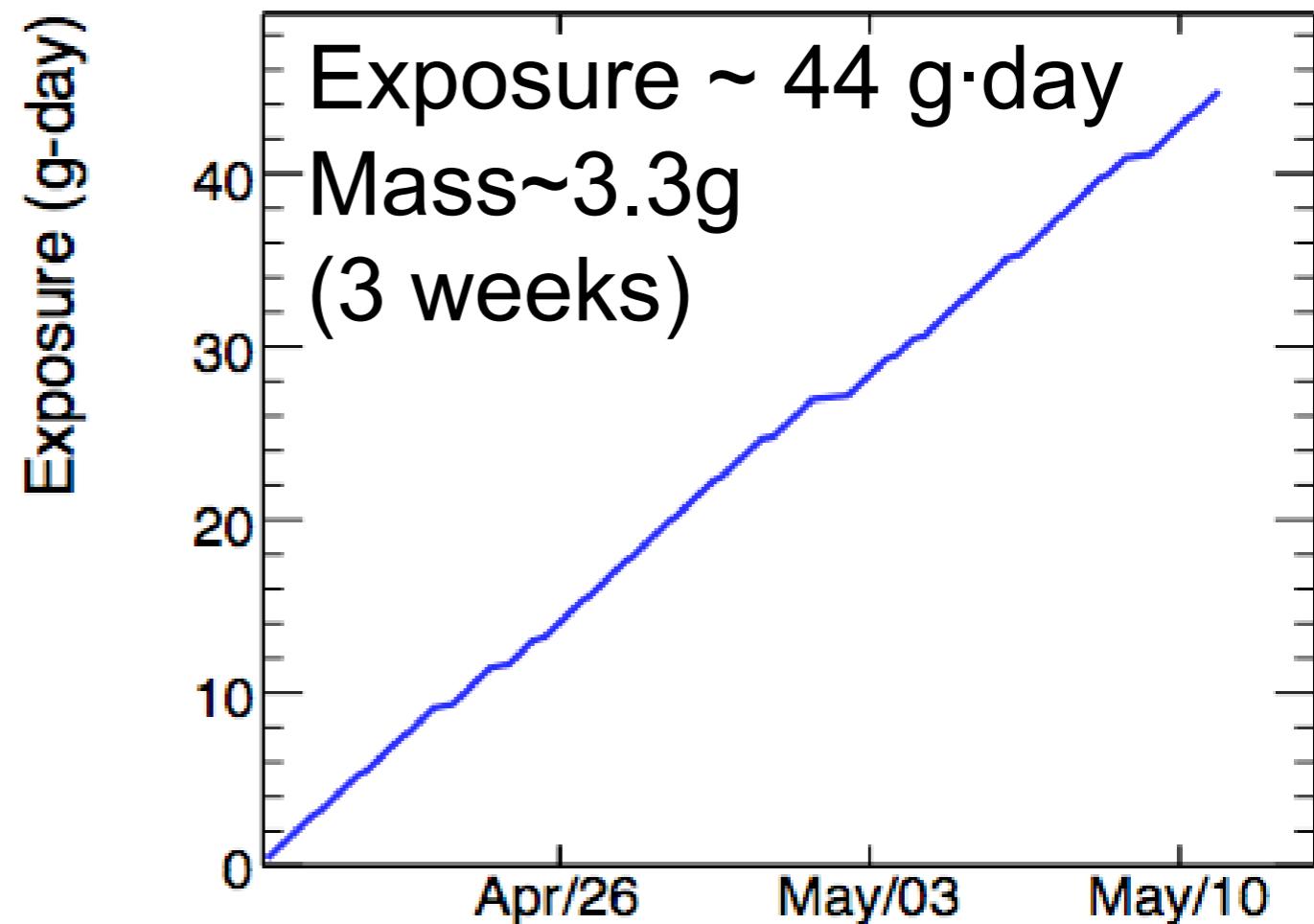


# Recoil Distribution

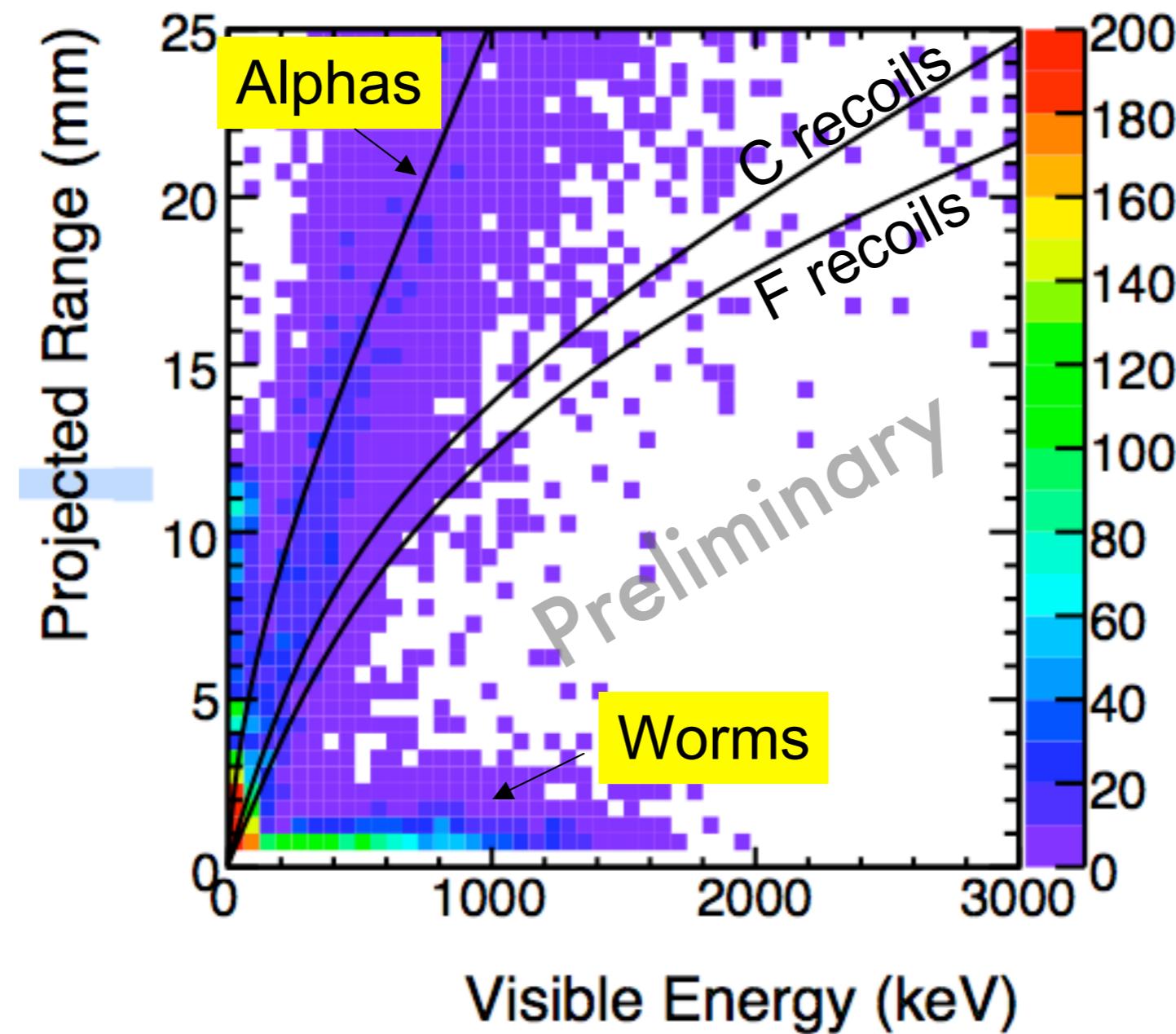


# Surface Background Run

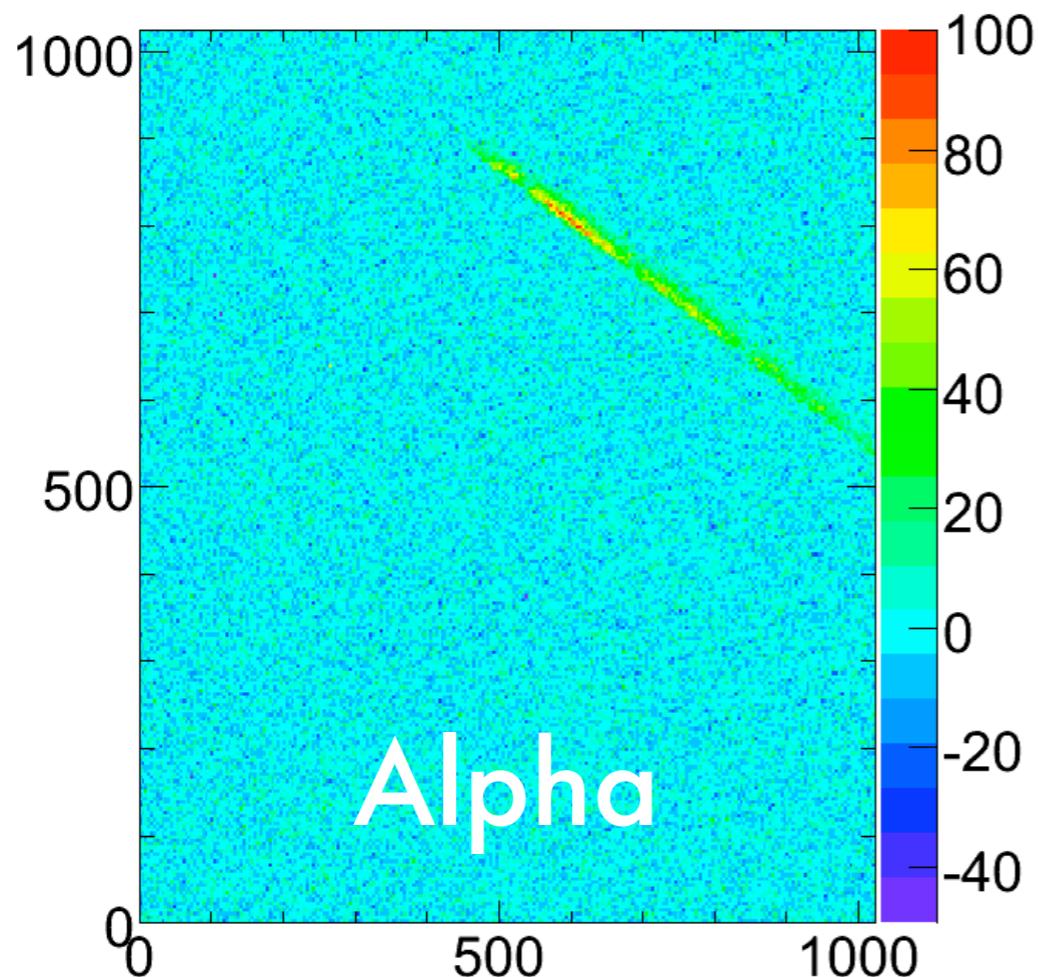
- Basement lab at MIT
- Triggerless, remote operation
- 5s CCD exposures
- Refill gas every 24 hours
- 70% live time
- 1% gain stability



# Data Without Cuts

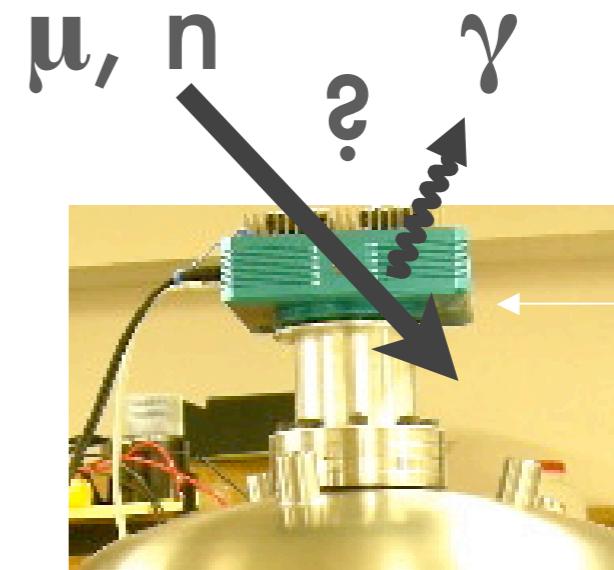
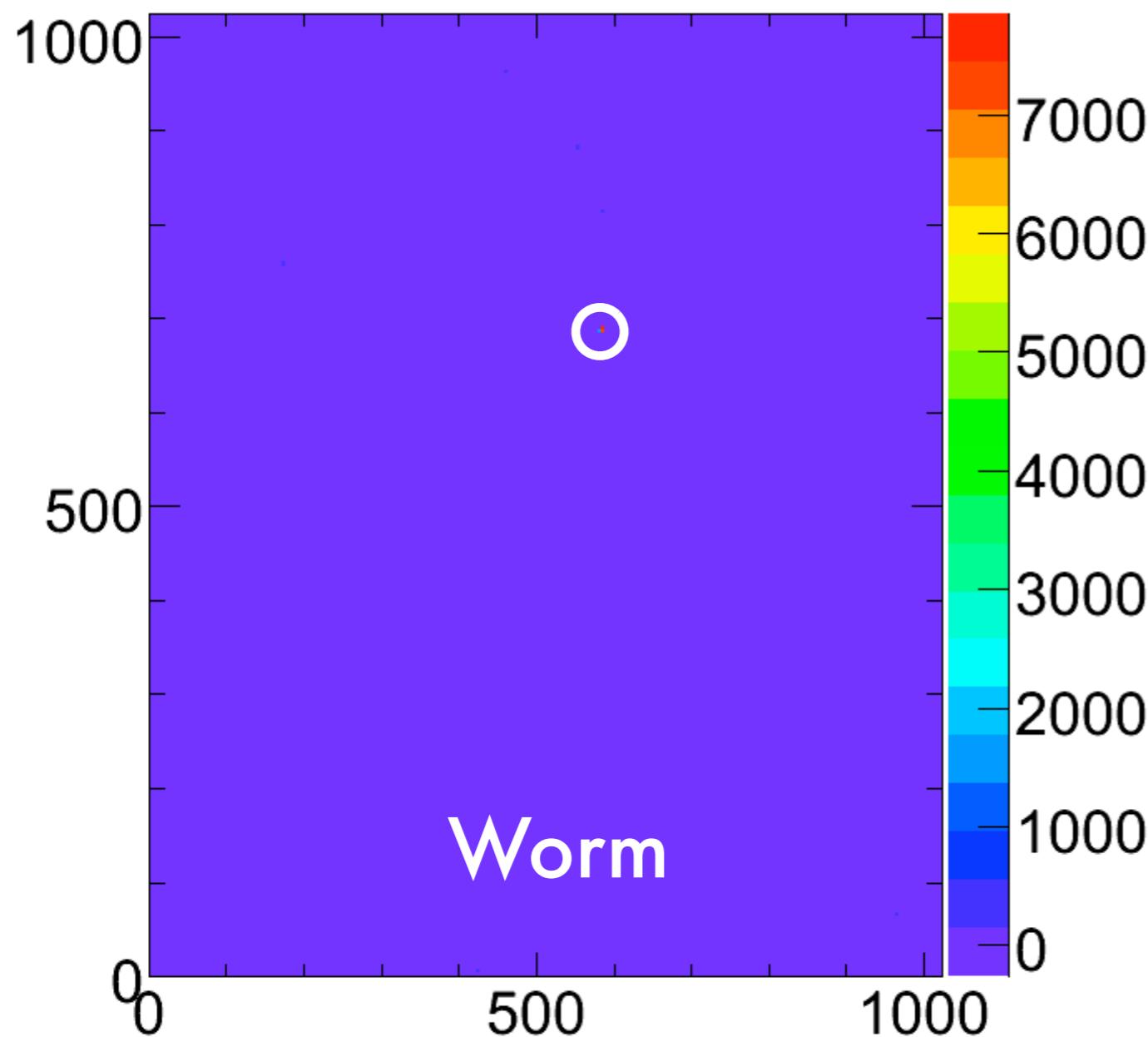


# Alphas Background



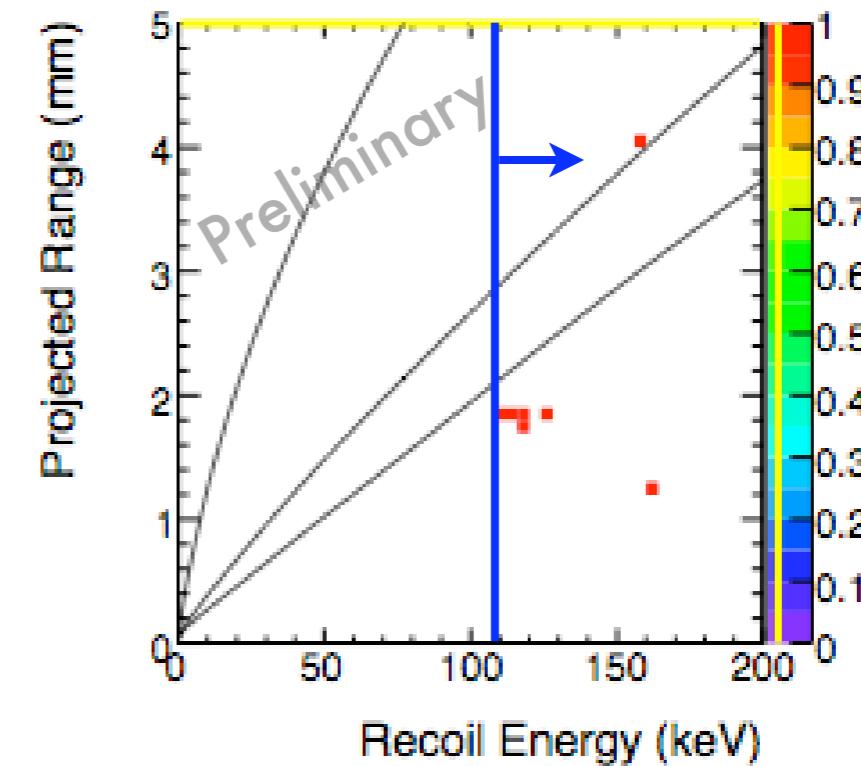
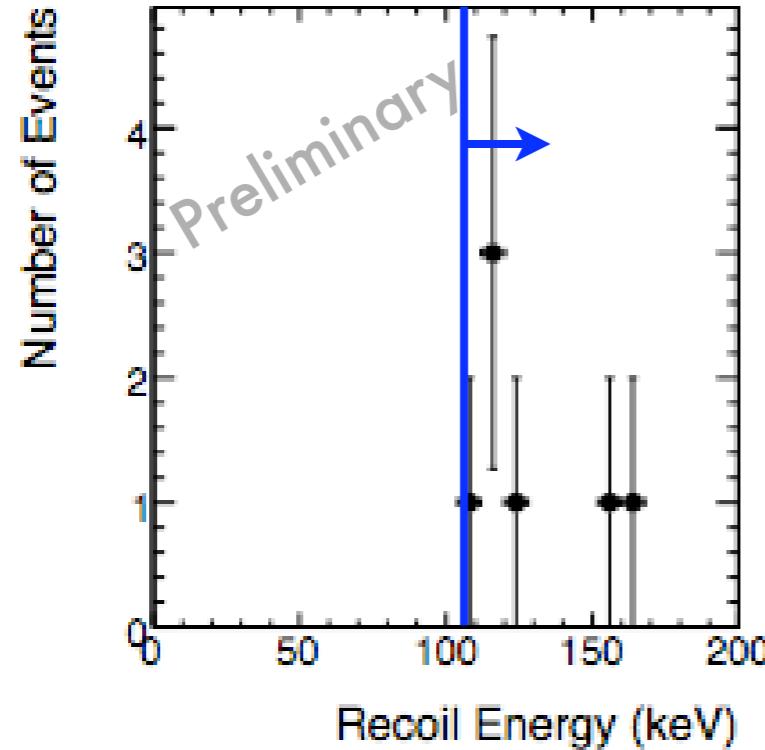
- From U, Th decays in materials
- Efficiently remove with edge cuts, range/energy
- Reduce with radiopure materials

# Worms



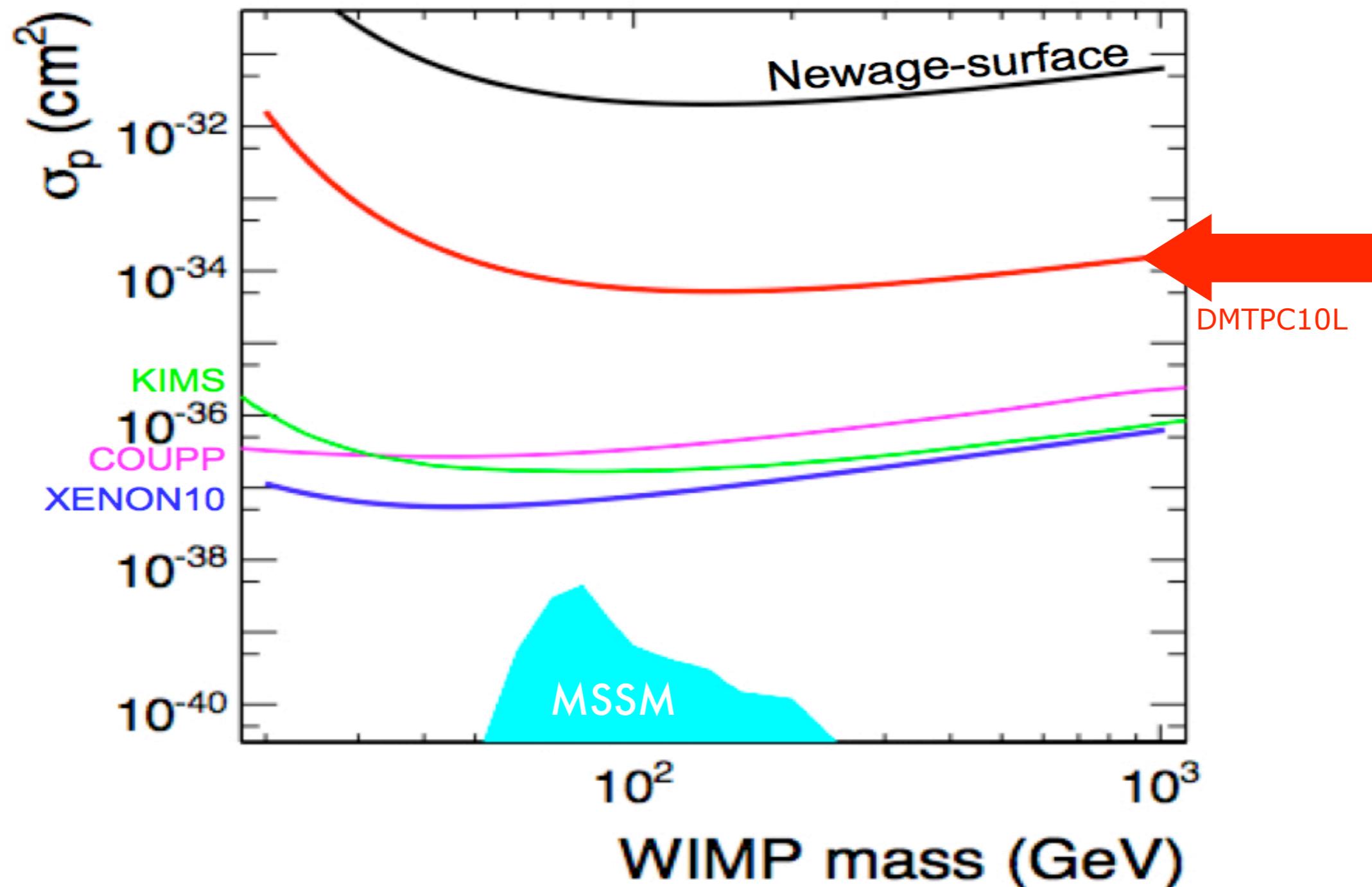
- CCD effect
- Remove most in software with energy density cut
- Reduce by going underground, new hardware

# Preliminary Background Rate



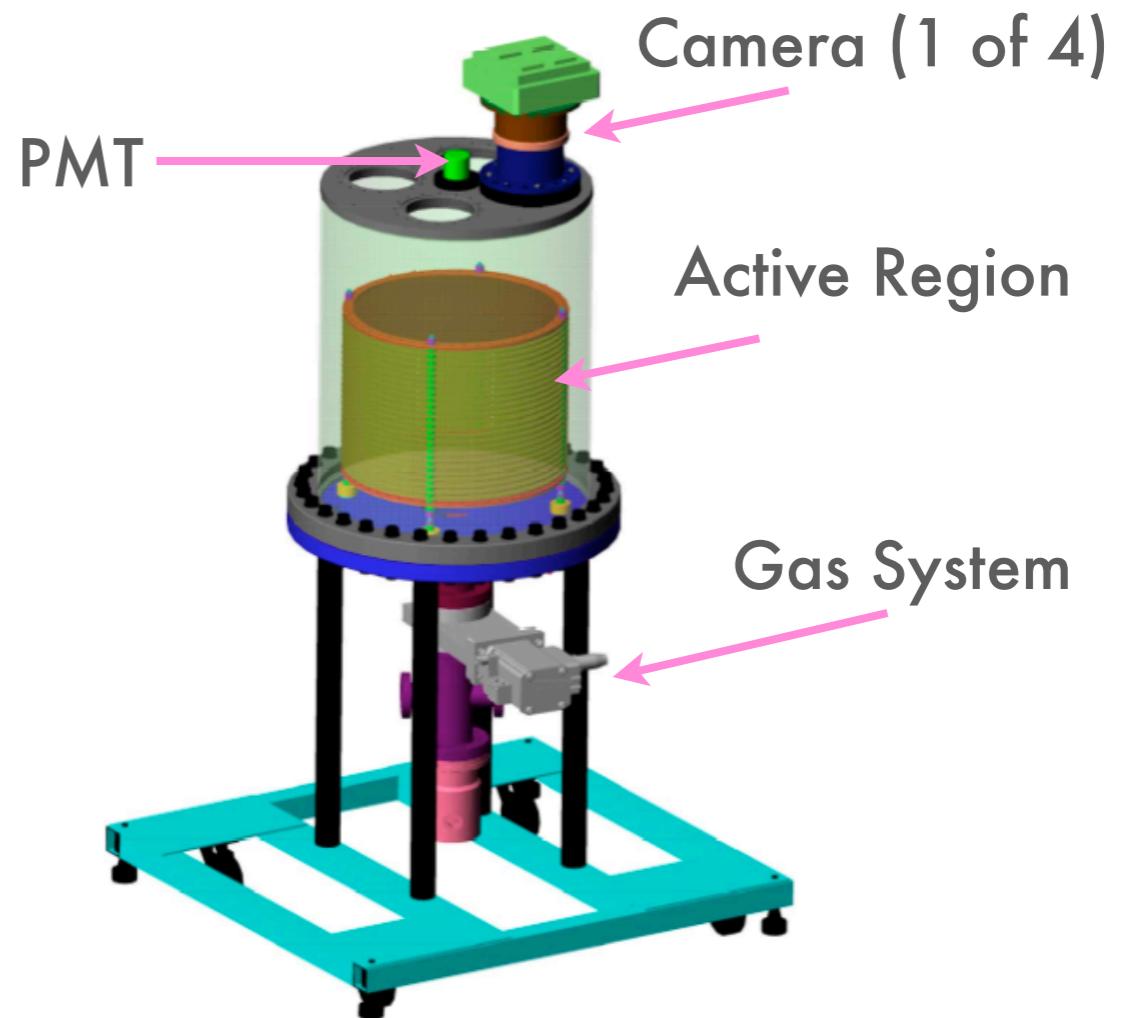
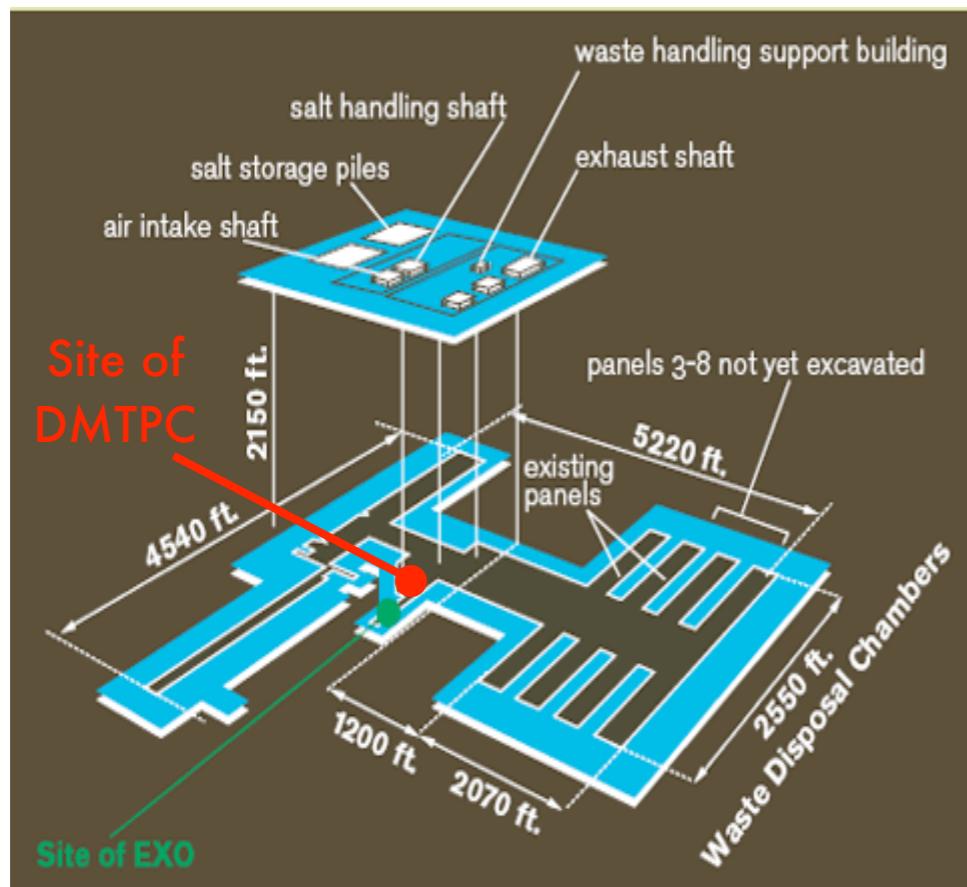
- Observe 7 recoil events in 110-200 keV range
- 10.8 day live-time
- 3.3 g detector mass

# Expected Sensitivity



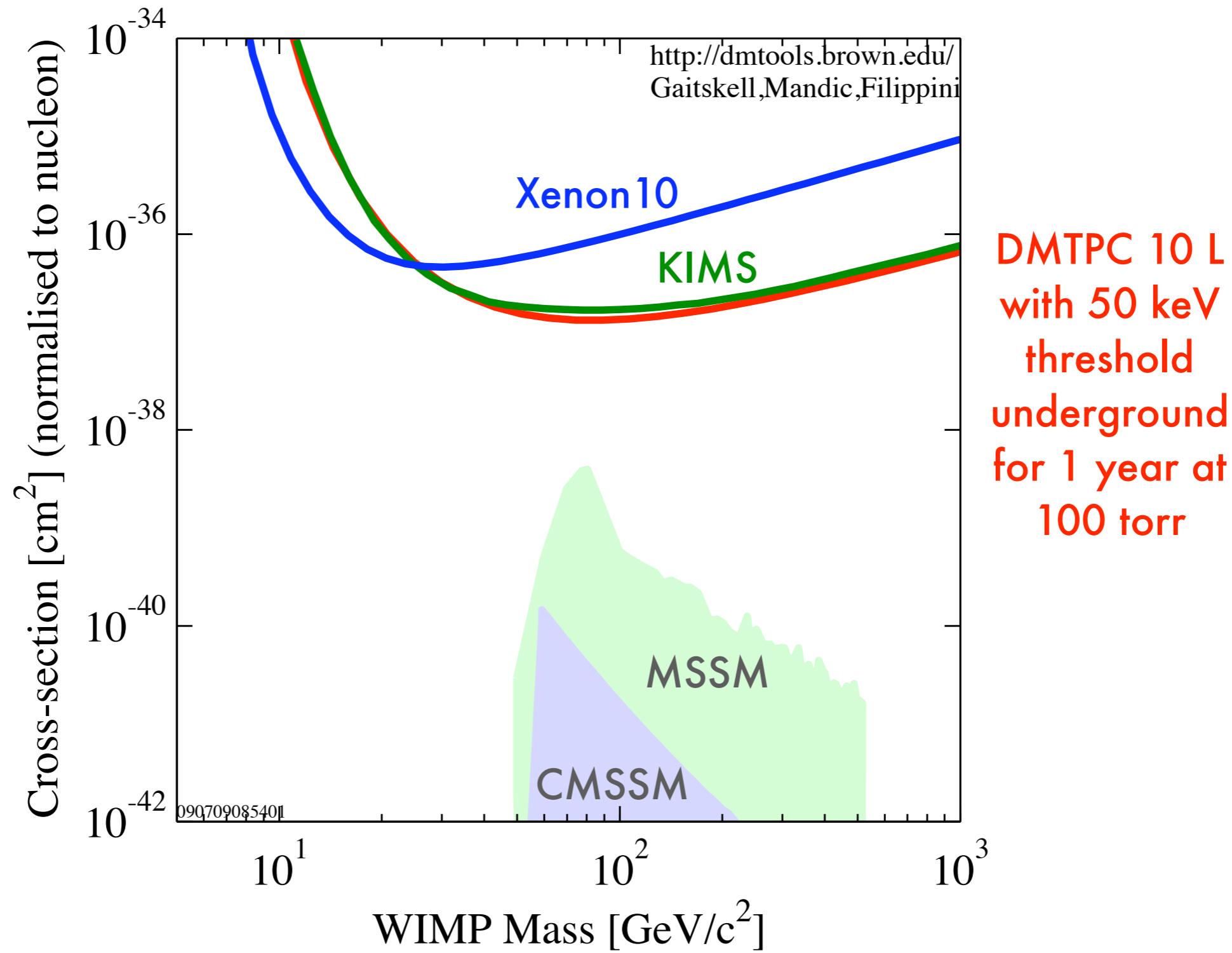
# Going Underground

## Waste Isolation Pilot Plant

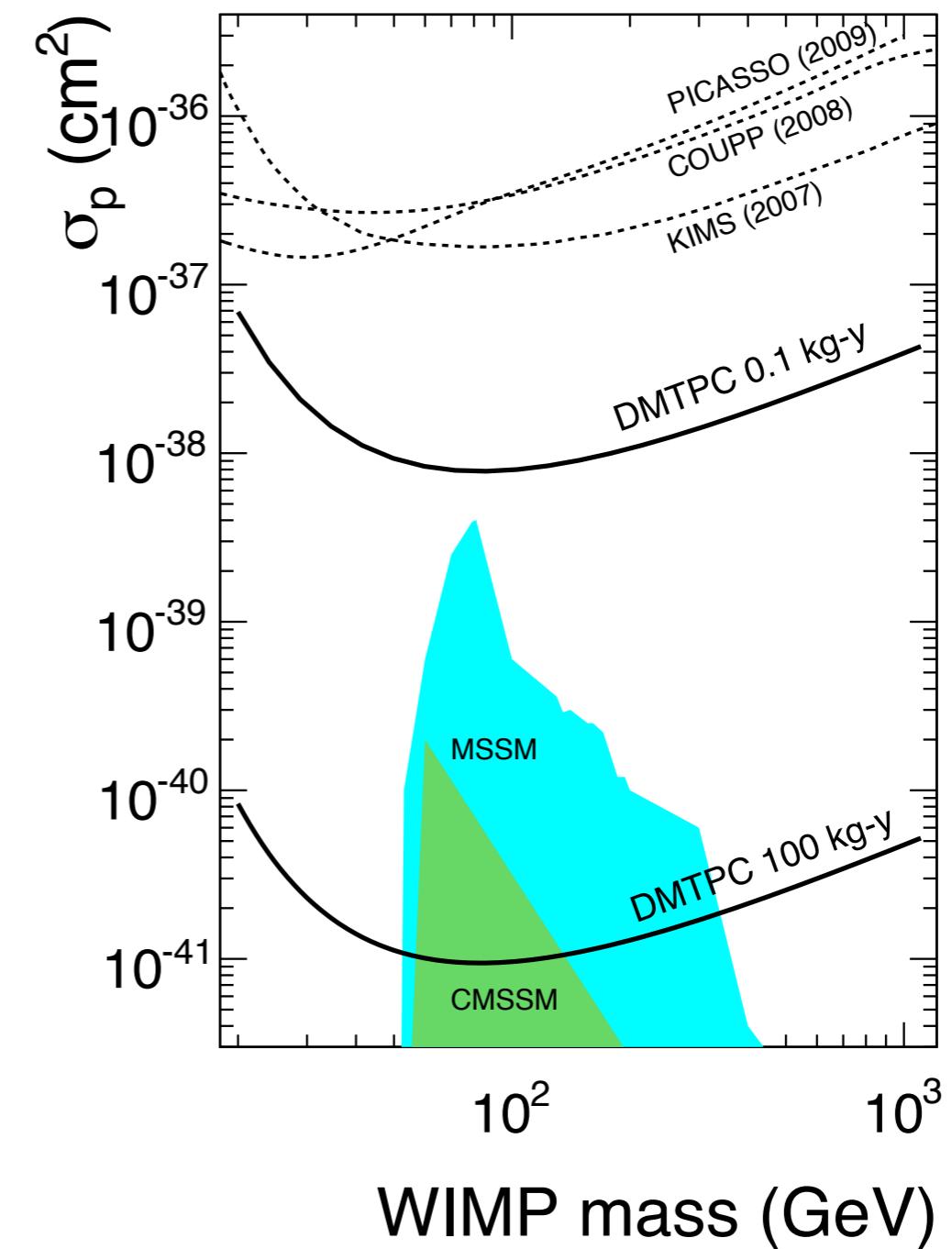
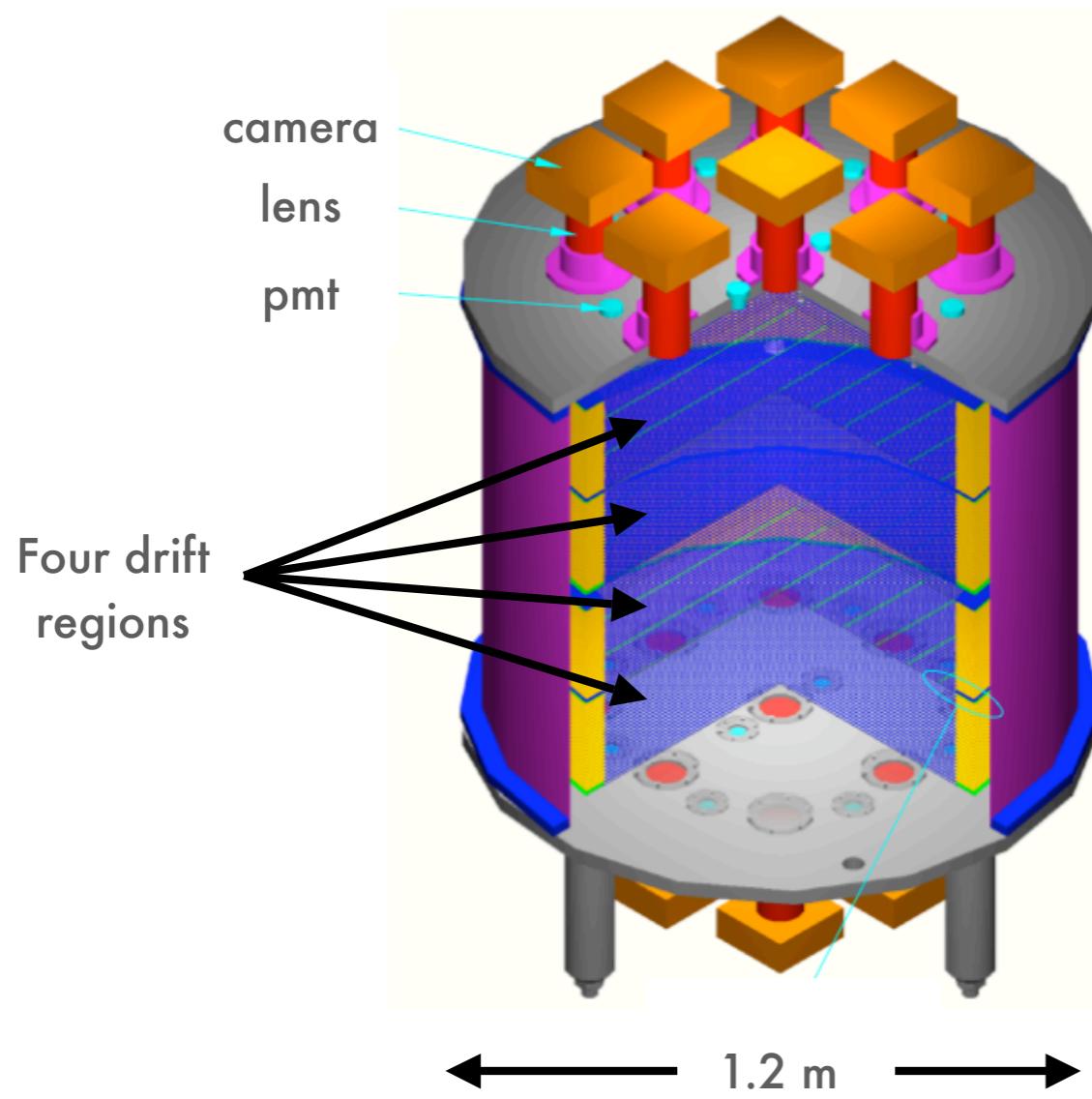


- New 10L detector with purer materials and four cameras
- ~1600 m.w.e passive shielding and active neutron monitoring
- Low radon contamination, < 7 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>

# Projected Sensitivity

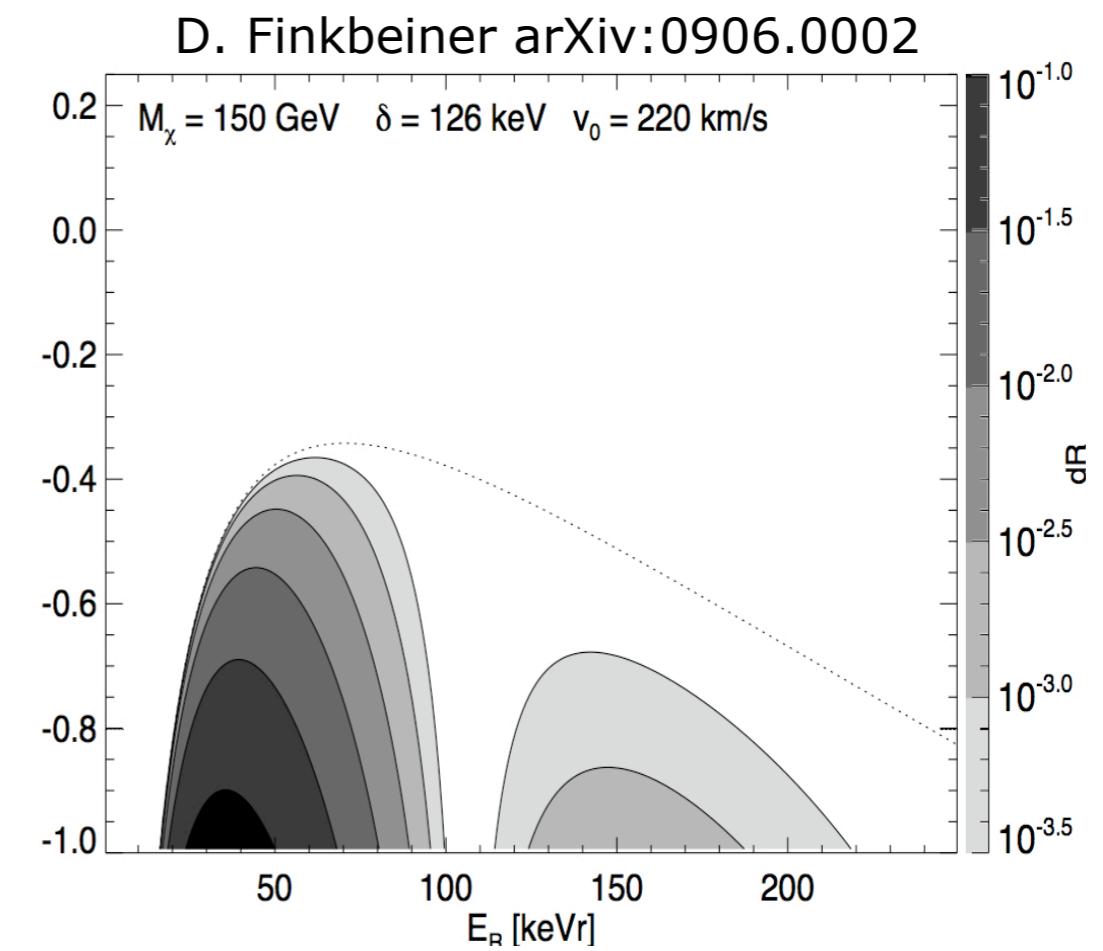
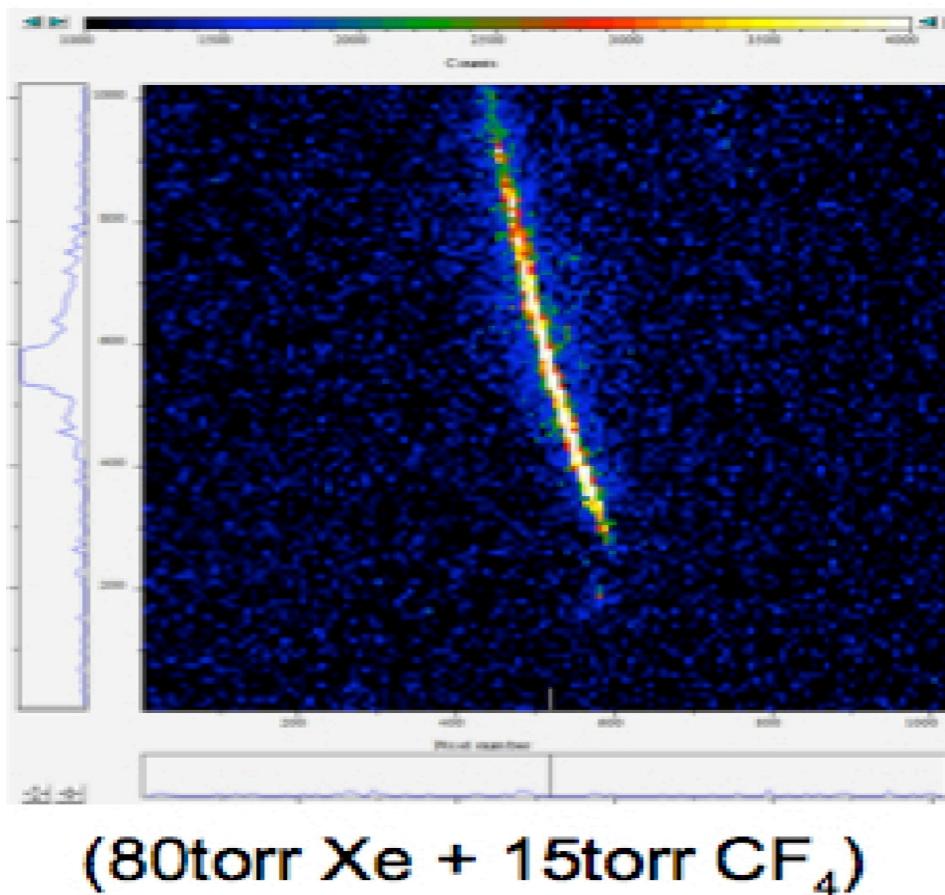


# Scaling to 1 m<sup>3</sup>



# Ongoing and Future Work

- Use secondary detection (PMTs, charge readout) to improve reconstruction
- Different gas mixtures (e.g. Xe/CF<sub>4</sub> mixes)
- Incorporate inelastic dark matter models



# Summary

- Demonstrated operation of a CCD-based gas detector with directional sensitivity
- Collected and analyzed surface run background data
- Plans for underground operation at WIPP